MSDS# 11578DA Version 1.2

Effective Date 02/05/2014 According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Material Safety Data Sheet

1. MATERIAL AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Material Name : Shell Retinax Grease LX 2

Product Code : 001D4434

Uses : Automotive and industrial grease.

Manufacturer/Supplier : Shell Oil Products US

P.O. Box 4427

Houston TX 77210-4427

USA

SDS Request : (+1) 877-276-7285

Emergency Telephone Number

Spill Information : 877-242-7400 **Health Information** : 877-504-9351

2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical IdentityCAS No.ConcentrationZinc naphthenate12001-85-31.00 - 2.00 %

A lubricating grease consisting of highly-refined mineral oil and additives.

The highly refined mineral oil contains <3% (w/w) DMSO-extract, according to IP346.

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Emergency Overview

Appearance and Odour : Red. Semi-solid at ambient temperature. Slight hydrocarbon.

Health Hazards : High-pressure injection under the skin may cause serious

damage including local necrosis.

Safety Hazards : Not classified as flammable but will burn.

Environmental Hazards : Not classified as dangerous for the environment.

Health Hazards : Not expected to be a health hazard when used under normal

conditions.

Health Hazards

Inhalation : Under normal conditions of use, this is not expected to be a

primary route of exposure.

Skin Contact : Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can

clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil

acne/folliculitis.

Eye Contact : May cause slight irritation to eyes.

Ingestion : Low toxicity if swallowed.

Other Information : High-pressure injection under the skin may cause serious

damage including local necrosis. Used grease may contain

harmful impurities.

Signs and Symptoms : Local necrosis is evidenced by delayed onset of pain and tissue

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damage a few hours following injection. Oil acne/folliculitis signs and symptoms may include formation of black pustules and spots on the skin of exposed areas. Ingestion may result in nausea, vomiting and/or diarrhoea.

Aggravated Medical Conditions

Additional Information

Pre-existing medical conditions of the following organ(s) or organ system(s) may be aggravated by exposure to this material: Skin.

Environmental Hazards

Not classified as dangerous for the environment.

Under normal conditions of use or in a foreseeable emergency, this product does not meet the definition of a hazardous chemical when evaluated according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

General Information : Not expected to be a health hazard when used under normal

conditions.

Inhalation No treatment necessary under normal conditions of use. If

symptoms persist, obtain medical advice.

Skin Contact Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with water

and follow by washing with soap if available. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention. When using high pressure equipment, injection of product under the skin can occur. If high pressure injuries occur, the casualty should be sent immediately to a hospital. Do not wait for symptoms to develop. Obtain medical attention even in the absence of

apparent wounds.

Eye Contact : Flush eye with copious quantities of water. If persistent

irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.

In general no treatment is necessary unless large quantities Ingestion

are swallowed, however, get medical advice.

Advice to Physician Treat symptomatically. High pressure injection injuries require

> prompt surgical intervention and possibly steroid therapy, to minimise tissue damage and loss of function. Because entry wounds are small and do not reflect the seriousness of the underlying damage, surgical exploration to determine the extent of involvement may be necessary. Local anaesthetics or hot soaks should be avoided because they can contribute to swelling, vasospasm and ischaemia. Prompt surgical decompression, debridement and evacuation of foreign material should be performed under general anaesthetics, and

wide exploration is essential.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Clear fire area of all non-emergency personnel.

: > 200 °C / 392 °F (COC) Flash point

Upper / lower Flammability or **Explosion limits** Typical 1 - 10 %(V)(based on mineral oil)

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Auto ignition temperature :

Specific Hazards

> 320 °C / 608 °F

Hazardous combustion products may include: A complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates and gases (smoke). Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion occurs. Unidentified organic and inorganic

compounds.

Suitable Extinguishing

Media

Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.

Unsuitable Extinguishing

Media

Do not use water in a jet.

Protective Equipment for

Firefighters

Proper protective equipment including breathing apparatus must be worn when approaching a fire in a confined space.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Avoid contact with spilled or released material. For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Chapter 8 of this Material Safety Data Sheet. See Chapter 13 for information on disposal. Observe the relevant local and international regulations.

: Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Use appropriate containment **Protective measures**

> to avoid environmental contamination. Prevent from spreading or entering drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or

other appropriate barriers.

Clean Up Methods : Shovel into a suitable clearly marked container for disposal or

reclamation in accordance with local regulations.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

General Precautions Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of

> vapours, mists or aerosols. Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine appropriate controls for safe handling, storage

and disposal of this material.

Handling Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid inhaling

> vapour and/or mists. When handling product in drums, safety footwear should be worn and proper handling equipment should be used. Properly dispose of any contaminated rags or

cleaning materials in order to prevent fires.

Storage Keep container tightly closed and in a cool, well-ventilated

place. Use properly labelled and closeable containers. Store at

ambient temperature.

Recommended Materials For containers or container linings, use mild steel or high

density polyethylene.

Unsuitable Materials PVC.

Additional Information Polyethylene containers should not be exposed to high

temperatures because of possible risk of distortion.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Occupational Exposure Limits

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Material	Source	Туре	ppm	mg/m3	Notation
Oil mist, mineral	ACGIH	TWA(Inhalable fraction.)		5 mg/m3	
Oil mist, mineral	OSHA Z1	PEL(Mist.)		5 mg/m3	

Additional Information : Due to the product's semi-solid consistency, generation of

mists and dusts is unlikely to occur.

Biological Exposure Index (BEI)

No biological limit allocated.

Exposure Controls

The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include: Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations. Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is greater potential for airborne concentrations to be generated.

Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of controls. Educate and train workers in the hazards and control measures relevant to normal activities associated with this product. Ensure appropriate selection, testing and maintenance of equipment used to control exposure, e.g. personal protective equipment, local exhaust ventilation. Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance. Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or for subsequent recycle. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing hands after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. Practice good housekeeping.

Personal Protective Equipment Respiratory Protection Personal protective equipment (PPE) should meet recommended national standards. Check with PPE suppliers. No respiratory protection is ordinarily required under normal

No respiratory protection is ordinarily required under normal conditions of use. In accordance with good industrial hygiene practices, precautions should be taken to avoid breathing of material. If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations to a level which is adequate to protect worker health, select respiratory protection equipment suitable for the specific conditions of use and meeting relevant legislation. Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers. Where air-filtering respirators are suitable, select an appropriate combination of mask and filter. Select a filter suitable for combined particulate/organic gases and vapours [boiling point >65°C(149 °F)].

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Hand Protection

Where hand contact with the product may occur the use of gloves approved to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, US: F739) made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection: PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves. Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Personal hygiene is a key element of effective hand care. Gloves must only be worn on clean hands. After using gloves, hands should be washed and dried thoroughly. Application of a non-perfumed moisturizer is recommended.

For continuous contact we recommend gloves with breakthrough time of more than 240 minutes with preference for > 480 minutes where suitable gloves can be identified. For short-term/splash protection we recommend the same, but recognise that suitable gloves offering this level of protection may not be available and in this case a lower breakthrough time may be acceptable so long as appropriate maintenance and replacement regimes are followed. Glove thickness is not a good predictor of glove resistance to a chemical as it is dependent on the exact composition of the glove material. Glove thickness should be typically greater than 0.35 mm depending on the glove make and model.

Eye Protection

: Wear safety glasses or full face shield if splashes are likely to occur.

Protective Clothing

Skin protection not ordinarily required beyond standard issue work clothes.

Monitoring Methods

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate. Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory. Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods http://www.osha.gov/Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the

Determination of Hazardous Substances

http://www.hse.gov.uk/

Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen

Unfallversicherung (IFA), Germany. http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp

L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France

http://www.inrs.fr/accueil

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Environmental Exposure Controls

Take appropriate measures to fulfil the requirements of relevant environmental protection legislation. Avoid

contamination of the environment by following advice given in Chapter 6. If necessary, prevent undissolved material from being discharged to waste water. Waste water should be treated in a municipal or industrial waste water treatment plant

before discharge to surface water. Local guidelines on

emission limits for volatile substances must be observed for the

discharge of exhaust air containing vapour.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance : Red. Semi-solid at ambient temperature.

Odour : Slight hydrocarbon.
pH : Not applicable.
Initial Boiling Point and : Data not available

Boiling Range

Dropping point : Typical 245 °C / 473 °F Flash point : > 200 °C / 392 °F (COC)

Upper / lower Flammability

: Typical 1 - 10 %(V) (based on mineral oil)

or Explosion limits

Auto-ignition temperature : > 320 °C / 608 °F

Vapour pressure : < 0.5 Pa at 20 °C / 68 °F (estimated value(s))

Specific gravity : Typical 0.900 at 15 °C / 59 °F

Density : Typical 900 kg/m3 at 15 °C / 59 °F

Water solubility : Negligible.

n-octanol/water partition : > 6 (based on information on similar products)

coefficient (log Pow)
Kinematic viscosity : Not applicable.

Vapour density (air=1) : > 1 (estimated value(s))

Electrical conductivity : This material is not expected to be a static accumulator.

Evaporation rate (nBuAc=1) : Data not available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability : Stable.

Conditions to Avoid : Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.

Materials to Avoid : Strong oxidising agents.

Hazardous Decomposition : Hazardous decomposition products are not expected to form

Products during normal storage.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for Assessment : Information given is based on data on the components and the

toxicology of similar products.

Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for

individual component(s).

Acute Oral Toxicity : Expected to be of low toxicity: LD50 > 5000 mg/kg , Rat Acute Dermal Toxicity : Expected to be of low toxicity: LD50 > 5000 mg/kg , Rabbit

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Acute Inhalation Toxicity Not considered to be an inhalation hazard under normal

conditions of use.

Skin Irritation Expected to be slightly irritating. Prolonged or repeated skin

contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin

resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

Eye Irritation Expected to be slightly irritating.

Respiratory Irritation

Sensitisation

Repeated Dose Toxicity

Mutagenicity

Carcinogenicity

Inhalation of vapours or mists may cause irritation.

Not expected to be a skin sensitiser.

Not expected to be a hazard. Not considered a mutagenic hazard.

Not expected to be carcinogenic. Product contains mineral oils

of types shown to be non-carcinogenic in animal skin-painting studies. Highly refined mineral oils are not classified as carcinogenic by the International Agency for Research on

Cancer (IARC).

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	:	GHS / CLP: No carcinogenicity classification
Hydroxystearic acid	:	GHS / CLP: No carcinogenicity classification
Lithium hydroxide	:	GHS / CLP: No carcinogenicity classification
Zinc alkyl dithiophosphate	:	GHS / CLP: No carcinogenicity classification

Blended lubricant		GHS / CLP: No carcinogenicity classification
Hydroxystearic acid	1:	GHS / CLP: No carcinogenicity classification
Lithium hydroxide	1:	GHS / CLP: No carcinogenicity classification

Reproductive and **Developmental Toxicity Additional Information**

: Not expected to be a hazard.

: Used grease may contain harmful impurities that have accumulated during use. The concentration of such harmful impurities will depend on use and they may present risks to health and the environment on disposal. ALL used grease should be handled with caution and skin contact avoided as far as possible. High pressure injection of product into the skin may lead to local necrosis if the product is not surgically

removed.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product. Information given is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).

Acute Toxicity Poorly soluble mixture. May cause physical fouling of aquatic

organisms. Expected to be practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l (to aquatic organisms) LL/EL50 expressed as the nominal amount of product required to prepare aqueous test extract. Mineral oil is not expected to cause any chronic effects

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to aquatic organisms at concentrations less than 1 mg/l.

Mobility : Semi-solid under most environmental conditions. If it enters

soil, it will adsorb to soil particles and will not be mobile. Floats

on water.

Persistence/degradability : Expected to be not readily biodegradable. Major constituents

are expected to be inherently biodegradable, but the product contains components that may persist in the environment. Contains components with the potential to bioaccumulate.

Bioaccumulation
Other Adverse Effects

Product is a mixture of non-volatile components, which are not expected to be released to air in any significant quantities. Not expected to have ozone depletion potential, photochemical ozone creation potential or global warming potential.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Material Disposal : Recover or recycle if possible. It is the responsibility of the

waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations. Do not dispose into the environment, in

drains or in water courses.

Container Disposal : Dispose in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably

to a recognised collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand.

Local Legislation : Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional,

national, and local laws and regulations.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

US Department of Transportation Classification (49CFR)

This material is not subject to DOT regulations under 49 CFR Parts 171-180.

IMDG

This material is not classified as dangerous under IMDG regulations.

IATA (Country variations may apply)

This material is either not classified as dangerous under IATA regulations or needs to follow country specific requirements.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

The regulatory information is not intended to be comprehensive. Other regulations may apply to this material.

Federal Regulatory Status

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Notification Status

EINECS All components listed or

polymer exempt.

TSCA All components listed.
DSL Not all components

listed.

Shell classifies this material as an "oil" under the CERCLA Petroleum Exclusion, therefore releases to the environment are not reportable under CERCLA.

State Regulatory Status

California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act (Proposition 65)

This material does not contain any chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

NFPA Rating (Health,

: 0, 1, 0

Fire, Reactivity)

SDS Version Number : 1.2

SDS Effective Date : 02/05/2014

SDS Revisions : A vertical bar (|) in the left margin indicates an amendment

from the previous version.

SDS Regulation : The content and format of this MSDS is in accordance with the

OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

SDS Distribution : The information in this document should be made available to

all who may handle the product.

Disclaimer : The information contained herein is based on our current

knowledge of the underlying data and is intended to describe the product for the purpose of health, safety and environmental requirements only. No warranty or guarantee is expressed or implied regarding the accuracy of these data or the results to

be obtained from the use of the product.

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SAFETY DATA SHEET

Print date: 05/27/2015 **Revision Date:** 05/27/2015 **Revision Number:** 1

1. COMPANY AND PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

Product identifier

Product Name: FERROCOTE® 5856 BF T1

Product code: 013315-05

Other means of identification

Synonyms No information available.

Application

Recommended Use Corrosion Preventive
Uses advised against For industrial use only

Supplier/Manufacturer:

Supplier: Emergency telephone number:

Quaker Chemical Corporation* 24 HOUR TRANSPORTATION:Quaker Park One**CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300

901 Hector Street +703-527-3887 (Call collect outside of US)
Conshohocken, PA 19428 * 24 HOUR EMERGENCY HEALTH & SAFETY:

 610-832-4000
 **QUAKER CHEMICAL CORPORATION: (800) 523-7010

 E-mail: she@quakerchem.com
 (Within US only) Outside of US call (703) 527-3887

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification

OSHA Regulatory Status

This chemical is considered hazardous by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2
Skin Sensitization	Category 1
Aspiration toxicity	Category 1
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 1
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 1
Flammable liquids	Category 4

Label Elements

Emergency Overview		
DANGER		

Hazard Statements

Causes skin irritation Causes serious eye irritation May cause an allergic skin reaction Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways Combustible liquid



Appearance Clear, Amber Physical State Liquid **Odor** Pleasant

Precautionary Statements - Prevention

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace

Avoid release to the environment

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. — No smoking

Precautionary Statements - Response

Specific treatment (see first aid on this label)

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention

IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician Do not induce vomiting

In case of fire: Use CO2, dry chemical, or foam for extinction

Collect spillage

Precautionary Statements - Storage

Store locked up

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool

Precautionary Statements - Disposal

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)

None known

Other Information

None known.

Unknown acute toxicity 0% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Components	CAS No.	Weight %
Severely hydrotreated light distillates	64742-47-8	60 - 70%
Calcium Salt	Proprietary	1 - 5%
Amine	Proprietary	1 - 5%
Scent, fruity	Proprietary	<1%

Physico-chemical properties: Combustible material

The exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret. If CAS number is "proprietary", the specific chemical identity and percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice: Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Remove contaminated

clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use. Wash off with soap

and water. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Eye contact: Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes.

Skin contact: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water.

Ingestion: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do

not induce vomiting: contains petroleum distillates and/or aromatic solvents. Risk of product entering the lungs on vomiting after ingestion. Never give anything by mouth

to an unconscious person. Do not induce vomiting without medical advice.

Inhalation: Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapors. If breathing is difficult, give

oxygen. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Consult a physician.

Note to physician: This product contains petroleum distillates. Aspiration may cause pulmonary oedema

and pneumonitis.

Medical condition

aggravated by exposure:

Dermatitis and asthma.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media: Carbon dioxide (CO2) Dry chemical Foam

Specific hazards: Combustible material. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system.

Special protective equipment for

fire-fighters:

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand,

MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

Specific methods: Water mist may be used to cool closed containers.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions: Remove all sources of ignition. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Ensure adequate

ventilation. Do not breathe vapour/dust. Use personal protective equipment. Avoid

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contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling

Environmental precautions: Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not flush into surface water or

sanitary sewer system. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages

cannot be contained.

Methods for cleaning up:Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid binder, universal

binder, sawdust). Ground and bond containers when transferring material Sweep up

and shovel into suitable containers for disposal.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling

Technical

Provide sufficient air exchange and/or exhaust in work rooms.

measures/precautions:

Safe handling advice: To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the

equipment must be grounded. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. Do not breathe vapors or spray mist. Wear personal protective

respiratory equipment. Do not breathe vapors or spray mist. Wear personal protective equipment. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Wash thoroughly after handling. Keep

container tightly closed.

Storage

Technical measures/storage

conditions:

Keep containers tightly closed in a cool, well-ventilated place

Incompatible products: Strong oxidizing agents

Safe storage temperature: 40 - 100 ° F

Shelf life: 12 months

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components	ACGIH Exposure Limits	OSHA TWA (final)	NIOSH - Pocket Guide
Mineral Oil*	5 mg/m³	5mg/m³	5mg/m³
Calcium carbonate	None	15 mg/m³	10 mg/m³ (TWA)
			5 mg/m³ (TWA)

Engineering measures: Provide adequate ventilation. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable

respiratory equipment.

Personal Protective Equipment:

General: Eye Wash and Safety Shower

Respiratory protection: If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations to a level which is

adequate to protect worker health, a NIOSH-certified respirator with organic

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vapor/P100 filter should be worn.

Eye protection: Safety glasses with side-shields

Hand protection: Neoprene gloves

Skin and body protection: Long sleeved clothing

Hygiene measures: Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.



9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State Liquid

Appearance Clear, Amber

Odor Pleasant

Odor Threshold No information available.

pH concentrate:No information available

pH DilutionNo information available

Melting/freezing point No information available

Boiling Point/Range > 148 °C / 300 °F

Flash Point 80 °C / 176 °F

Method No information available

Evaporation rateNo information available

Flammability Limits in Air

upper flammability limitNo information available.lower flammability limitNo information available.

VOC Content No information available

VOC Content Product (g/L) 3.48 lb/gal (EPA Method 24)

Vapor pressure No information available.

Vapor densityNo information available.

Specific Gravity (g/cc, 15 C) 0.828

Bulk Density (lb/gal, 15 C) 6.91

Water Solubility Insoluble

Solubility in other solvents No information available.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water No information available

Autoignition temperature No information available

Decomposition TemperatureNo information available

Kinematic viscosity

No information available

Dynamic viscosity

No information available

Molecular Weight No information available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability: Stable under recommended storage conditions.

Conditions to avoid: Heat, flames and sparks.

Materials to avoid: Strong oxidizing agents.

Hazardous decomposition products: Carbon oxides. Sulphur oxides. Nitrogen oxides (nox).

Hazardous Polymerization: Not applicable.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No toxicological information is available on the product. Data obtained on components are summarized below.

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation May cause irritation of respiratory tract.

Eye Contact Irritating to eyes.

Skin Contact Irritating to skin. May cause sensitization by skin contact.

Ingestion Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

Components	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Severely hydrotreated light distillates	5000 mg/kg (Rat)	2000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	5.2 mg/L (Rat) 4 h
Calcium Salt	-	-	-
Amine	-	-	-
Scent, fruity	-	-	-

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Carcinogenicity

The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen

Components	IARC Carcinogens	NTP	OSHA - Select Carcinogens
Severely hydrotreated light distillates	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed
Calcium Salt	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed

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Amine	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed
Scent, fruity	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed

Sensitization Product contains a component that is classified as a skin sensitizer. No studies have

been conducted on the product itself.

Mutagenic effects: No information available.

Reproductive ToxicityNo information available.

Developmental ToxicityNo information available.

Teratogenic No information available.

Specific target organ systemic

toxicity (single exposure)

No information available.

Specific target organ systemic toxicity (repeated exposure)

No information available.

Aspiration hazard May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Risk of serious damage to the lungs (by

aspiration).

Additional information on toxicological effects

Reports of animal studies using both sexes of several species have shown that kidney effects can occur in male rats after prolonged and repeated inhalation exposures to light hydrocarbon vapors of the general type represented by this product. While the effects are of low order of severity in animals, the implications of these results have not yet been determined.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Components	Ecotoxicity - Fish Species	Ecotoxicity - Freshwater	Ecotoxicity - Water Flea
	Data:	Algae Data:	Data:
Severely hydrotreated light distillates	LC50 (Lepomis	No data	LC50 (Den-dronereides
	macrochirus - 96h) = 2.2		heteropoda - 96h) =
	mg/L		4720 mg/L
	LC50 (Oncorhynchus		
	mykiss - 96h) = 2.4 mg/L		
	LC50 (Pimephales		
	promelas - 96h) = 45		
	mg/L		
Calcium Salt	No data	No data	No data
Amine	No data	No data	No data
Scent, fruity	No data	No data	No data

^{0.3005%} of the mixture consists of components(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment

Persistence and Degradability No information available.

Bioaccumulation No information available.

Components	Octanol/water partition coefficient
•	

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Severely hydrotreated light distillates	-
Calcium Salt	-
Amine	-
Scent, fruity	-

Mobility: No data available

Ozone: No data available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste from residues/unused

products:

Waste disposal must be in accordance with appropriate Federal, State, and local regulations. This product, if unaltered by use, may be disposed of by treatment at a permitted facility or as advised by your local hazardous waste regulatory authority.

Contaminated packaging: Do not re-use empty containers

Methods for cleaning up: Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid binder, universal

binder, sawdust). Ground and bond containers when transferring material Sweep up

and shovel into suitable containers for disposal.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION:

UN/NA ID Number: NA1993

Proper shipping name: Combustible liquid n.o.s. (hydrotreated light petroleum

distillates)

Hazard class: Combustible

PG:

DOT ERG: ERG 128

DOT Label(s): For Bulk Packaging Only: Combustible

TDG (CANADA):

UN nr: UN3082

Proper shipping name: Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s.

(Hexadecylamine)

TDG Hazard Classification: 9
Packing group: |||

IMDG/IMO:

UN nr: UN3082

Proper shipping name: Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s.

(Hexadecylamine)

Class: 9
Packing group: III
Limited quantity: 1 L

IATA/ICAO:

UN nr: UN3082

Proper shipping name: Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s.

(Hexadecylamine)

Hazard Class: 9 Packing group: Ш Maximum quantity for cargo only: 450 L Maximum quantity for passenger: 450 L Limited quantity: 30 kg

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Federal Regulations

OSHA Hazard Communication

This product is considered to be hazardous under the OSHA Hazard Communication

Standard. Standard:

CERCLA/SARA Information:

SARA (311, 312) hazard class: This product possesses the following SARA Hazard Categories:

Immediate Health (Acute): Yes Delayed Health (Chronic): Yes Flammability: Yes Pressure: No Reactivity: No

Components	Hazardous Substances Extremely Hazardous		SARA 313 Emission
	and RQs	Substances and TPQs	Reporting
Severely hydrotreated light distillates	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed
Calcium Salt	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed
Amine	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed
Scent, fruity	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed

Clean Air and Clean Water Acts:

Components	Hazardous Air	CWA - Hazardous	CWA - Toxic	CWA - Priority
	Pollutants	Substances	Pollutants	Pollutants
Severely hydrotreated light distillates	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed
Calcium Salt	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed
Amine	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed
Scent, fruity	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed

U.S. STATE REGULATIONS (RTK):

Components	California Proposition 65	PARTK	MI Critical Materials	NJRTK	MARTK
Severely hydrotreated light distillates	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
Calcium Salt	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
Amine	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed
Scent, fruity	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed

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California Proposition 65 Status: No components are listed

Not regulated **RCRA Status:**

CANADIAN REGULATIONS:

Information:

Canada - WHMIS Classification

This product has been classified according to the hazard criteria of the CPR and the

SDS contains all the information required by the CPR.

Canadian Product Classification: Class B

Class D2B

Product Classification Graphic(s):



Component Classification Data:

Components	WHMIS hazard class	CEPA Schedule I	Challenge Substances
Severely hydrotreated light distillates	B3 D2B	Not listed	Not listed
Calcium Salt	None	Not listed	Not listed
Amine	None	Not listed	Not listed
Scent, fruity	None	Not listed	Not listed

INVENTORY STATUS:

United States TSCA - Sect. 8(b) Inventory: This product complies with TSCA

Canada DSL/NDSL Inventory List Compliance has not been determined

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Sources of key data used to compile Material safety data sheets of the ingredients.

the data sheet:

Prepared by: Quaker Chemical Corporation -Safety, Health and Environmental Affairs Group - US

05/27/2015 **Revision Date:** New Format. Reason for revision:

Personal protection recommendations should be reviewed by purchasers. Workplace conditions are important factors in specifying adequate protection.

Disclaimer

This product's safety information is provided to assist our customers in assessing compliance with safety/health/environmental regulations. The information contained herein is based on data available to us and is believed to be accurate. However, no warranty of merchantability, fitness for any use, or any other warranty is expressed or implied regarding the accuracy of this data, the results to be obtained from the use thereof, or the hazards connected with the use of the product. Since the use of this product is within the exclusive control of the user, it is the user's obligation to determine the conditions for safe use of the product. Such conditions should comply with all regulations concerning the product. The company referenced in this Safety Data Sheet assumes no liability for any injury or damage, direct or consequential, resulting from the use of this product unless such injury or damage is attributable to the gross negligence of such company.

End of Safety Data Sheet
